

LOUISIANA NEWS.

Aut inveniam viam, aut faciam.

LOUISIANA LA WRENCE CO., KY., APRIL 21, 1887.

FERGUSON & CONLEY, Publishers.

WORST FOR YEARS.

Unprecedented Drought and Heat in Central Illinois.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 14.—The drought in central Illinois, together with the continuous heat, is almost unprecedented. Nothing like it has been known for a great many years. It has not rained for weeks, and then but a little rain, not enough to break an unusual winter drought. The thermometer registers nearly 90° in the shade daily. Many farmers are obliged to haul water for their stock, and pasture lands are parched. Some farmers are still feeling that the drought is not so bad as it is. The country presents the aspect of August. The fields are so dry that it is next to impossible to harrow, owing to the clouds of dust. The soil is very backward, and some fields are not growing. The tile drains are stopping the flow of water. The farmers are beginning to plant corn nearly three weeks ahead of time. So far the crops have not been injured except the grass, and if a heavy rain should fall this week the prospect would be excellent.

THE VICTORIA WRECK.

How a Lady's Shawl Caused the Loss of Several Lives.

LONDON, April 14.—Further particulars of the loss of the Victoria, a steamer of the Harland and Wolff Dock Company, which was wrecked on the rocks off the coast of Ireland, are being received. The vessel struck the rocks amidst a heavy sea, and the passengers immediately rushed to the stern, which, through a downward list of the bow, was buoyed up by deep water on that side of the vessel. The storm and the stern dived, and the vessel was being manœuvred to float the life boats, which were seriously interfered with by the strong swell of the sea. At last when a boat was ready to be lowered, and fifteen men and women embarked in it, a lady's shawl being caught in a pulley of the stern dived, and caused the boat to descend to the sea bow foremost. Most of the occupants were thrown out and drowned. Two ladies jumped from the deck into the boat after it reached the water and overturned it. Others were thrown overboard, and succeeded in reaching the camp, rescuing on the way with boat hooks two persons who had been swept out to sea. Mrs. Bran Stoker was saved.

Same Old Game.

WARREN, Ind., April 14.—Christian Horsh, a well-known and prosperous farmer residing near Dora, this county, was fined out of fifty dollars to-day by three sheriffs who sold him what purported to be a ticket in a Huntington lottery. The stamps induced Horsh to bite by depositing with him a brass watch to be returned when he had drawn his prize, and for which he had given a receipt, now found to be a note for \$500. The swindlers are supposed to be the ones who conspired to defraud Solomon Lewis, of Warren, a few days ago.

A Teacher Kills a Pupil.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 14.—This afternoon George Werner, a teacher in the suburban village school in the town of Williamsburg, punished a refractory pupil named Henry Seugbusch, by applying a ruler sharply to his wrist, and the latter fell back in his seat, and was killed. Supposing he had fainted, he threw two pails of water over him, but the pupil was dead. The teacher fled and has not been seen since. The farmers of the community are looking for him and threaten to lynch him, as the boy's father claims that Werner choked him to death.

Northern Indiana Wheat Injured.

WARREN, Ind., April 14.—There is much alarm in this section of the State over the possible failure of the wheat crop, caused by the unprecedented dry weather at this season of the year, which has prevailed for over a month. Up to March 10 the outlook was favorable, but a succession of thaws and frozes caused the roots of the plants to be exposed and winter killed. The warm weather which followed prevented stalling out, and many fields which were very promising when the snow went off, are now barren.

Rebels Talk.

OTTAWA, Ont., April 14.—The Nova Scotia coal-mining companies are demanding an increase in the duty on U. S. coal from seventy-five cents to one dollar per ton. Last year's returns show a large increase in importation of coal, notwithstanding the present duty, and the people of the maritime provinces state that they will rebel against the duty of fifty cents per barrel on American fuel, which protects the Ontario miller, unless their coal industries are protected.

Infant Tragedy.

LEBANON, Pa., April 14.—During the absence of the parents last night Raymond Shay, aged five years, lighted a stick at the stove and set fire to the clothing of his brother Ernest, aged two years. Before assistance could be rendered Ernest was burned to death.

Bill Against Aliens Holding Lands.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 14.—In the House to-day a bill requiring non-citizen aliens holding lands in that State to dispose of the same within three years after they shall have acquired title to the same, and providing that such lands shall escheat to the State in case of failure so to do, was passed.

Trade Dollars Refused.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The Treasury Department has refused to accept trade dollars in payment of dues. Although these coins are temporarily receivable in exchange for standard dollars, the Department says they are deprived by law of any legal-tender quality.

Lincoln's Remains.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 14.—The Lincoln Memorial Association have removed the remains of Abraham Lincoln from where they had long rested in concealment and placed them in a vault beneath the marble sarcophagus.

The Commission Will Go South.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—The Interstate Commerce Commission will leave next week for the various railroad centers of the South. They will be absent several weeks. They go to investigate the relations between the railroad and river transportation.

Mutilated Bills.

WASHINGTON, April 14.—A Texas bank sent \$1,000 in bills to the Treasury Department in an unknown manner. A man named Chambers, who was confined for vagrancy, was burned to death.

STORM SWEEP.

Disastrous Work of the Wind in Belmont County, O.

Dwellings, Barns and Other Buildings Completely Demolished—Forests Swept Away Before the Mighty Blast.

BARCO, O., April 15.—About three o'clock this afternoon a tornado originated a short distance west of the County Infirmary, which is four miles west of St. Clairsville, O. The tornado followed in a direct easterly course until it reached St. Clairsville. The infirmary barn, probably the finest in the county, was demolished. Loss, \$5,000. The barn of Joseph Pickering, half a mile east of the infirmary, was wrecked. A fine house and barn of Colonel Patton, one mile west of St. Clairsville, were ruined. The residence, barn and planning mill of Mr. Coleman are demolished. A baby was found among the ruins unhurt. The house of Mr. Riley was blown down. John Riley had a leg broken. The U. P. Church and Wesley Block are total wrecks, also the roof of the Presbyterian Church is gone. Many other buildings are badly damaged. The heaviest loss is Henry Welby's, who owned the block in which the First National Bank and C. Trol's Sons' store are located. C. Trol's Sons had recently received a large stock of merchandise. Their stock is badly damaged. The new court-house, nearly completed, the school building, old court-house and M. E. church are uninjured. The loss is estimated at \$100,000.

St. Clairsville, O., April 15.—The storm was felt first here at 3:15 p. m. It appeared to be traveling from the west, and in the shape of a funnel-shaped mass of cloud, resembling in appearance dense black smoke. The storm was downward, and could be plainly traced over its track by the destruction it left. Houses were demolished, trees snapped off like pipe-stems, horses and cattle prostrated and carried bodily hundreds of yards by the gale, and the sky was darkened with hail. Work digging a ditch for Mr. Debois. He suddenly came upon parts of decayed bones, and on further search unearthed the huge and finely preserved teeth of the monster, the largest of which weighs upwards of two pounds and measures twenty inches in circumference. The other teeth measure and weigh proportionately less, the smallest of which measures three inches each way across the crown and weighs over a pound. Large quantities of bone were unearthed, but where so far decayed that on being handled they crumbled to pieces.

TOUGH TREATMENT.

Mormons in Carolina Beaten and Driven Out of the State.

NEW YORK, April 15.—A Raleigh special to the Herald says: A party of Mormon elders came from Tennessee into the Western part of this State some weeks ago. They at once began work in making converts, particularly among the negroes. This created great indignation on the part of people in parts of Buncombe and Henderson Counties. An organization, fully officered, has been effected for the expulsion of these Mormons. The latter have been duly notified in writing to leave immediately, and are being driven out of the State. The people are in earnest and determined to expel them. Parties of Mormons have been at work in the mountain section here and there. Some of them were nearly beaten to death and driven into Georgia by the indignant people.

Anniversary of Lincoln's Death.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., April 15.—The twenty-second anniversary of the death of Abraham Lincoln was commemorated in the Hall of Representatives this afternoon. The service being under the direction of the Lincoln Guard of Honor. The exercises continued over two hours, and were largely attended. Addresses were delivered by Bishop Seymour, of the Springfield Diocese, and Hon. W. B. Cullom, member of the House of Representatives. Clifton L. Conkling, a member of the Lincoln Guards, read a historical paper descriptive of the labor of the Guards in guarding the remains of the martyred President against vandal hands.

Sensational Poisoning Case.

TORONTO, Ont., April 15.—A sensational poisoning case has been unearthed here by the arrest of Mrs. Martha Jane Ryckman, charged with the murder of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Hendricks. Startling stories are now told of the mysterious death of seven of Mrs. Ryckman's relatives, all of whom are now supposed to have been the victims of poisoning at her hands.

High License Bill.

BOSTON, April 15.—The House this afternoon the Liquor Committee reported a high license bill fixing the price of a first-class license at \$1,000, second and third-class at \$750, fourth-class at \$500, and fifth-class at \$150.

Child Perishes in the Flames.

KOKOMO, Ind., April 15.—At Greenwood this morning, the residence of Chris Miles was destroyed by fire, together with contents. The youngest child, aged one year, was cremated.

Oleomargarine Prohibited.

DOVER, Del., April 15.—The Senate passed this morning the House bill prohibiting absolutely the manufacture and sale of all kinds of imitation and adulterated butter.

Killed by Lightning.

WARREN, O., April 15.—A fierce thunderstorm passed over this region to-day. At Mrs. Maloney, sitting in her doorway, was killed by lightning.

Value of Provisions Exported.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—The value of the principal articles of provisions exported during March past aggregated \$6,401,765 against \$5,382,736 in March, 1886.

Terrific Gale in Newfoundland.

St. John's, April 15.—A terrific gale raged along the coast of Newfoundland, Wednesday, causing serious loss of life and great destruction of property.

House Burned—Child Cremated.

BROOKVILLE, Ind., April 15.—A box and contents, together with a little daughter, six years of age, of John Munchel, at Oak Forest, was destroyed by fire to-day, and Mrs. Munchel was seriously burned. The stable, with a cow, horse and all its farming implements, was also burned to the ground.

Quick Retribution.

VIENNA, April 15.—The Tagblatt says: Tichener, the man who fired at the Emperor at the Casino Palace, was hanged in the prison at the same time as the other criminals.

FIVE MEN KILLED.

By the Bursting of a Tank—A Frightful and Peculiar Accident at Palatine, Ill.

PALATINE, Ill., April 17.—While viewing the wreck of a freight train on the Chicago and Northwestern railroad near this city to-day, five persons were killed by the bursting of a large water tank. The accident occurred at five o'clock this afternoon, and it is supposed that the collision of the freight train in the immediate vicinity in the morning had jarred the immense tank, containing one hundred thousand gallons of water, and loosened or cracked the hoops, which gave way while a large crowd of country people were standing immediately under the structure. When it collapsed and fell it buried the people under the wreckage and water. Two boys and four men were killed outright, two others were fatally injured. The accident was a very young. The tank was a large affair, constructed of upright oak planks, twenty-four feet long and four inches thick. While the crowd were gazing at the wreckage a sharp crack was heard above, and the people scattered in all directions. Nothing further happened, the crowd again gathered. Suddenly, without further forewarning, the great iron hoops holding the tank in place burst simultaneously. The flooring and supports remained intact, but the rest of the structure and its burden of water was projected in all directions upon the people below, crushing and smothering them horribly. An eye-witness says that, had the accident occurred earlier in the afternoon, when the crowd was thick, it would certainly have resulted in the loss of half a hundred lives.

Skeleton of a Mastodon Discovered.

BUTLER, O., April 17.—The remains of a mastodon were partly exhumed on the farm of Hubert Dubois, two miles east of Tiro, this county, by Mr. Michener while at work digging a ditch for Mr. Debois. He suddenly came upon parts of decayed bones, and on further search unearthed the huge and finely preserved teeth of the monster, the largest of which weighs upwards of two pounds and measures twenty inches in circumference. The other teeth measure and weigh proportionately less, the smallest of which measures three inches each way across the crown and weighs over a pound. Large quantities of bone were unearthed, but where so far decayed that on being handled they crumbled to pieces.

National Drill Entries.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—The following is a list of military organizations of Ohio, Kentucky and Indiana entered and acted upon by the National Drill Committee at the closing of the entries on April 1, 1887. Ohio—(Competing) Second Regiment O. N. G.; (Competing) Company D, Eighth Regiment; (Competing) Toledo Cadets, Company K, Seventh Regiment; (Competing) Battery B, First Artillery, Kentucky—(Competing) First Regiment K. S. G.; (Competing) Battalion Louisville on April 1, 1887. Indiana—(Competing) Light Battery A, First Regiment; (Competing) Gatling Gun Platoon, Third Regiment; (Competing) Indianapolis Light Infantry; (Competing) Fort Wayne Rifles, Richardson Rifles.

Kokomo's Wonderful Gas Well.

KOKOMO, Ind., April 17.—Thirty-five quarts of nitro-glycerine was lifted 566 feet into the Junction gas well, Saturday, and exploded with terrific force, developing a wonderful flow of gas. The well is at the crossing of the Pan-handle and Lake Erie and Western railways, in the north edge of the city. This new well shows a pressure of 375 pounds, which is said to be equal to the famous Karg well at Findlay, the blue leaps fifty feet high with a deafening roar, causing the derrick to fairly tremble with its force.

Haddock Jury Disagree.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., April 17.—The jury in the case of John A. Haddock, charged with the murder of Rev. Geo. C. Haddock, disagreed and were finally discharged by the court at 11:30 a. m. to-day. The jury stood eleven for acquittal and one for conviction. Dennis O'Connell was the jurymen who stood out for conviction, and when the jury was before the court he said that his judgment was final. The court thereupon discharged the jury from further service.

Rain and Snow in the West.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 17.—A heavy rain, lasting from early morning until about 10 o'clock this evening, fell in Kansas, Nebraska and Western Missouri to-day, but was succeeded by a snow-storm in the Valley at about 7 o'clock by a snow-storm, which covered the earth to a depth of two inches, and which threatens great damage to crops and budding fruit trees.

Cause of Judge Carter's Death.

WASHINGTON, April 17.—The autopsy on the body of Chief Justice Carter, of the District Supreme Court, was performed to-day by Dr. Lamb. It showed that death was due to cancer of the stomach. The remains will leave here on Tuesday evening for Cleveland, O., where the funeral will take place.

Making Converts to His Views.

LONDON, April 17.—A dispatch to Reuters' Telegram Company from Rome says: "The Pope approves the course of Cardinal Gibbons, and encourages him in his action with reference to the Knights of Labor. Cardinal Gibbons has secured the adherence of Cardinal Manning, and will appeal to other bishops for support."

A Long-Lost Daughter.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL., April 17.—A wealthy San Francisco man named Willis has found his sixteen-year-old daughter, who was stolen from home when four years old, in the Industrial School at Rochester, N. Y.

When the Boston & Providence railroad was built, the opposition to it was so great that the location for it was refused through the principal villages. They might have been made stations, but did not choose to be. So the old road does not touch the old villages of Dedham, Canton, Stoughton, Foxborough or Attleborough. Rival villages have of course grown up around the stations in those towns, and branches have been run to the other villages.—Boston Transcript.

SOME COMICAL NAMES.

Recollections of Quaker Things Discovered in English Parish Registers.

"The peculiar nomenclature and phraseology which characterized the New Englander of a century ago, and which still distinguish him from all the other inhabitants of the United States," said a prominent citizen of St. Louis who was born and reared within the sacred precincts of Boston, "are not native to the soil, but came over in the Mayflower along with the strange customs and stern religious principles of the Puritans. A Boston preacher issued a book some time last fall giving the result of his researches into the old chronicles and church records of towns like Old Boston, Barnaby and other Puritan strongholds during a summer's sojourn in England, and he found that nearly all the phrases, expressions and names peculiar to New England were in common use there three hundred years ago. And I have myself found, in studying English nomenclature, which, by the way, is a hobby of mine, that many of the names, family and baptismal, of to-day are but contractions of the extravagant titles given by the earlier Puritans. It is true we do not call our children 'Zeal-of-the-Land-Jones' or 'Search-the-Scriptures-Thompson,' but we do use many of such baptismal names as Grace, Patience, Constance, Faith, Hope, Baulah, Justice or Mercy. In surnames Fairwell is derived from the old Puritan Christian name Farewell; Hopewell, now a surname, was once Hope-Well. Tiffany comes from Epiphany, Trubirt from True-Heart, and so on. The names peculiar to the Puritans, such as scriptural phrases, began to prevail in England south of the Trent, and particularly in and around Barnaby, about the time of the Queen Elizabeth's reign. It was not the mere result of 'travelling' notions, but the practice was instituted with a deliberate purpose, the intention being to separate, as far as possible, the names from the 'godless' and make them distinctive in name as well as in habits and religious belief. Scripture names they would gladly have taken, but the publication of the Geneva Bible, had long before flooded the country with Hebrew names, and so, instead of Nehemiah or Zerubbabel, they took Good-Work and Hate-Evil. For upward of a century they gave no other names to their children, and the combinations were sometimes very comical. For instance, 'Praise-God Barebone, the head of Cromwell's Parliament, is said to have had three brothers named Fear-God Barebone, Jesus-Christ-Came-into-the-World-to-Save Barebone, and If-Christ-Had-Not-Died-for-Thee-Thou-Hadst-Been-Damned Barebone. Fancy sitting down to dinner with a brother with such a name and having to say, 'If-Christ-Had-Not-Died-for-Thee-Thou-Hadst-Been-Damned, please pass the butter.' This gentleman, however, was never called by his full name, but was familiarly called Dr. Damned Barebone. Such titles as Fight-the-Good-Fight-of-Faith, Help-on-High, Learn-Wisdom, What-God-Will and Zeal-for-God were common. The virtues were special favorites. Sir Thomas Carew, Speaker of the House of Commons in James' and Charles' reign, had four daughters—Patience, Temperance, Silence and Prudence. The name Silence was especially popular as a feminine title, and it was used probably to stand as a constant reminder of woman's great failing, Dilligence, Obedience, Perseverance, Humiliation and Repentance were in common use, the latter growing so monotonous that Sorrow-for-Sin was sometimes used by way of change. Another class of names were exhortations, sentences, pious ejaculations, or professions of sorrow for sin, such as Believe, Give Thanks, Be-Strong, Sin-Deny, Be-Steadfast-or-Do-Good. A man named Skyes is said to have had four sons named Love-Well, Do-Well, Die-Well and Fare-Well. Strange to say, Fare-Well Skyes was drowned, and Love-Well, Do-Well and Die-Well were the chief mourners. In an old register at Bishopsgate is an entry that reads something like this: 'Sept. 1, 1611, Job-Rakt-Out-of-the-Ashes, being borne the last of August in the lane going to Sir John Spencer's back gate, and there laide in a heape of ashes, was baptized the 1st day of September following, and dyed the next day after.' If he had lived he would probably have been called 'Ashes' for short. The name Danell-Dallphebo-Marke-Antony-Dallory-Gallery-Cesar, which appears in the parish register at Old Sevenford, is probably a joke at Puritan eccentricity. A Sussex jury of about the time of the Restoration contained the following names: Accepted Trevor, Redeemed Compton, Faint-Not Hewet, Make-Peace Heaton, God-Reward Smart, Stand-Fast-on-High Stringer, Earth Adams, Called Lower, Kill-Sin Pimple, Return Spelman, Be-Faithful Joiner, Fly-Debate Roberts, Fight-the-Good-Fight-of-Faith White, More-Fruit Fowler, Hope-For Binding, Gracefull Harding, Weep-Not Belling and Meek Brewer."—St. Louis Republic.

"But, your Honor," said the prisoner, "I am not guilty of this crime. I have three witnesses who will swear that at the hour when this man was robbed I was at home, in my own chamber, taking care of my baby." "Yes, your Honor," glibly added the prisoner's counsel, "that is strictly true. We can prove a lullaby, your Honor."—Youth's Companion.

Geronimo is employed in making gardens at Fort Pickens—raising cabbage and onions instead of hair.—Chicago Herald.

SCIENCE AND INDUSTRY.

Scientists state that water once contaminated by sewage never becomes purified by natural means.

It has been discovered in France that fatty matter of wool may be changed into a substance, which has been named "ceroid," having the consistency and several properties of wax.—Boston Budget.

Spectroscopic observations give a different composition for variable stars at different periods, thus indicating that the variability results from the combustion of different substances.

Four barrels made from paper pulp have been tested and approved by the chief inspector of the New York produce exchange. They are light, tight, seamless and strong, and the pulp can be made from common marsh weeds and grasses.—Chicago Tribune.

The Japanese, says Le Gendre Carter, have invented a process of making paper with marine algae. This paper is very strong and so transparent that it can be used in the place of glass. It takes colors well and much resembles the ancient stained glass.

Boston is not one of the great locomotive building centers of the country, but nevertheless a single establishment in this city has orders for forty-six from horses, which will soon be shipping across Western prairies or through Northern forests.—Boston Transcript.

According to Prof. Dufour, one of the proofs—a new one—of the roundness of the earth consists in the deformation of images produced on large surfaces of calm water. This may often be witnessed on the Lake of Geneva, and in the case of ships some miles distant at sea.—N. Y. Evening Post.

The dam to be built at Quaker Bridge to supply New York with water will be the greatest reservoir in the world, as it is to hold 300,000,000 gallons. It will furnish 100 gallons of water daily to each person in a city of over 3,000,000 inhabitants, and will put back the project of drawing water from Lake Champlain and the Adirondack region for the next forty or fifty years. The dam itself will probably cost \$10,000,000.—N. O. Times-Democrat.

Solomon states that the electricity which is discharged during a thunder storm is produced by the friction of water and ice; that is, that the ice is electrified by friction of water before a thunder-storm wave (cumuli) and ice-clouds (cirrus) appear simultaneously. The friction of these and water is a sufficient electricity which is generated.—Independent.

If the condensed breath on the cool window-panes, where a number of persons have assembled, be burned, a small of singed hair will show the presence of organic matter; and, if the condensed breath be allowed to remain on the windows for a few days, it will be found on examination by microscope, that it is alive with animalcules. It is the inhalation of air containing such putrescent matter which might be avoided by a circulation of fresh air.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS.

No pronounced egotist need be unhappy. He may get his nose pulled occasionally, but he forgets that at the close of the exercises.—Judge.

"If you want few git at the circumference of a man examine him among folks; but if you want few git at his actual diameter measure him at his fireside."—Boston Commercial Bulletin.

An Irishman who had on a very ragged coat was asked of what stuff it was made. "Bedad, I don't know," said he; "but I think the most of it is made of frost-ait."—Boston Budget.

Bond Mother (with baby)—"Who does look so like his father, doesn't he?" Mr. B.—"Yes, but I shouldn't mind that, as long as he is healthy."—Judge.

Pedagogue—"What is a shepherd?" The class do not respond. "I—Suppose you are all shepherds—what is a little sheep—what an IP!" "Tommy!" "The biggest sheep."—Boston Budget.

Friend (to Robinson)—"I've just heard that Mrs. Robinson met with a runaway accident this morning, but didn't learn the particulars. Anybody injured?" Robinson (cheerfully)—"No body but the fellow who ran away with her."—New York Sun.

"I tell you, Fanny, I am bound to succeed. I have the aptitude. It is close attention to small things which makes a man succeed." "Ah, indeed! Well, that explains it." "Explains what, Fanny?" "Why you pay so very close attention to your mistakes."—Alta Observer.

A scientist is responsible for the statement that hair around the mouth impairs the mental faculties. He says all great orators, statesmen, ministers and lawyers wear a smooth face. These discoveries were probably made after the scientist had used up half a lifetime in unsuccessful attempts to raise a mustache.—Alta Observer.

Turning the Tables.—"Ah, husband, do not scold your wife. And make her poor heart ache. You, mother used to be." "That is unless you're quite prepared To see the whole thing through. And buy the weakling's justice just as Her father used to do."—Merchant Traveler.

"My dear," said a K street father to his daughter, "who is the gentleman who has been so attentive to you of late?" "O, papa, he is such a nice gentleman, and he gets \$8,000 a year." "Great Scott, child, he must be a not minister!" "Yes, papa, he is the pitcher in the Washington Post."—Washington Post.

SANDY NEWS

Published every THURSDAY by
FERGUSON & CONLEY.
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS

TERMS—\$1.00 per year in advance.
If not paid before the end of the year
\$1.25 will be charged.

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THURSDAY, APRIL 21st, 1887.

Sunday laws are now vigorously
enforced in Washington city.

Under Kentucky's new revenue
law her common school fund is in-
creased this year \$250,000.

Six hundred salt workers are on
a strike at Natrona, Pa., and the
dove molders of several large cities
have struck.

The Louisville Evening Times
issued a handsome quadruple edi-
tion on last Saturday in the interest
of the Kentucky boom.

In the Democratic State conven-
tion which meets at Louisville on
the 4th, 354 votes will be required
to nominate.

The Legislature appropriated \$12-
000 for a bronze statue of John C.
Breckinridge, which will be com-
pleted in October.

The remains of President and
Mrs. Lincoln have been removed
from Springfield, Ill., to a vault in
the Lincoln monument.

Secretary Endicott's private secre-
tary, C. S. Sweet, a Republican,
has resigned. Mr. Endicott accepts
his resignation with much regret.

Hon. Sam E. Hill has withdrawn
from the race for Lieutenant Gov-
ernor, because he has not the time
to canvass the State. Mr. Hill was
one of the most prominent candi-
dates in the race.

Mr. Carlisle, in an interview at
St. Louis, says that the Democrats
will certainly carry the country at
the next presidential election. He
said Mr. Cleveland will, and
he renominated.

Bivouac, a Louis-
ville many subscrib-
ers, the country,
with its May
in boulevards
pany, of New

tion of Eastern Ohio was
mounted last Friday by a ter-
rific cyclone. From St. Clairville
across to Wheeling, W. Va. a dis-
tance of ten miles, everything in
the path of the tornado was carried
away.

Order of the State Central
Conventions will be
of the counties of the
Saturday, to appoint
the State Convention
Louisville on May

hung in a
Court last week. The
had been heard and before
should be referred the of-
fice were overpowered and the ne-
gative to a demand in the court
room. The job was completed in
about two minutes.

All indications suggest that the
electoral race in 1888 will be a
repetition of that in 1884. It
will be Blaine versus Cleveland,
and it will end as it did before, ex-
cept in increase of majority. No
power, except God, can force any
other result.—Capital.

Who weeps with you when you
are sad, and laughs with you when
you are glad, and smiles at you
when you are mad? The Editor.
Who has to be both kind and wise,
and never—well hardly ever, lies, and
when he does excites surprise? The
Editor. Who owns a heart as well
as cheek, possessed of spirit proud,
yet meek, and lives on forty cents a
week? The Editor.—Helm.

The following obituary notice has
been suggested as one which would
be just the right size for several of
our "prominent" citizens: "Be-
neath this stone rests a man
who'll keep on kicking all he can;
he kicked while he remained on
earth, commencing at the hour of
birth; he kicked so hard, he kicked
so high, his heels would sometimes
strike the sky; and when he reaches
heaven's gate, he'll kick because
he never can quit, and when a sil-
ver harp is held, he'll kick be-
cause it isn't gold."—

Martin County Convention.

Pursuant to a call of the Democratic
County Committee, a mass Convention
was held at the Court House for the pur-
pose of ascertaining whom a majority of
the Democratic party of Martin County
desired, should represent them in the
Kentucky Legislature; at which meet-
ing the following proceedings were had
and resolutions entered into:

The meeting was called to order by
Hon. A. Lee Barrett and the object of
the meeting stated in suitable terms. On
motion of T. W. Newberry, Col. J. A.
Barrett was elected temporary chairman,
and on motion of A. Lee Barrett, Peter
Clay was elected Secretary. The house
being in order, A. Lee Barrett moved
that a Committee on Resolutions be ap-
pointed consisting of six committeemen.

A. Copley moved as an amendment that
twelve be appointed, and after considera-
tion discussion Mr. Barrett withdrew his
motion. On motion of J. W. Hopp-
son it was decided that the two candidates
for representation, J. A. Payne and T.
W. Newberry, should form lines in the
public square and by a careful count as-
certain the will of the party as to who
should make the race. This was imme-
diately done and after the lines were
counted by men agreed upon, it was as-
certained that a majority was in favor of
T. W. Newberry, whereupon all retired
to the Court House and the result was
stated. Mr. A. Copley then moved that
his nomination be made unanimous
which motion was submitted to the
house, and nearly all voted in favor of it.

T. W. Newberry, in a short eloquent
speech, accepted the nomination and
thanked the people for tendering it to
him.

On motion of Peter Clay, John S. Pat-
ton was put in nomination for State Sena-
tor and was unanimously endorsed and
instructed for. He made a short speech
thanking the party for tendering him a
position unsought, and agreeing to make
the race if nominated by the District.

All good Democrats of Martin County
are appointed delegates to attend the
District Conventions when and where
they may be held for the purpose of nom-
inating a Representative and State Sena-
tor, and instructed to cast the vote of
Martin County as above indicated, for T.
W. Newberry for Representative and J. S.
Patton for State Senator; and in the
event that none should attend, the Chair-
man of both District Conventions are au-
thorized to cast the vote of this County
according to these resolutions. The meet-
ing was the largest ever held in this
County and all were sober and quiet, and
well presided over by Col. Barrett, for
which he received the warmest thanks
of the house.

The local papers are requested to pub-
lish the proceedings.

On motion of Peter Clay the Conven-
tion adjourned.

JAMES A. BARRETT, Chm'n.
PETER CLAY, Secretary.

Northern capital is finding its
way into Southern ores and coal,
and into railway lines and timber.
The means that next will come
move for agricultural lands and
homes. Then citizenship and brother-
ly love will come tripping over the
border, and the grand old
South with its memoried glories
will rise up and play the fatted calf
and the flavor of barbecue and sum-
mer mint will blow from the land.
The "bloody shirt" will go to the di-
mne museum, and the "solid South"
will continue to be the home of sun-
shine and flowers and of genuine
hospitality and undisturbed Demo-
cracy.—Capital.

The widow of Vice President
Hendricks passed a portion of last
week in Washington, a guest of her
cousin, Major Morgan. She is look-
ing unusually well, despite her re-
cent affliction, which she has learned
to speak of without apparent
pain. Incidentally it was learned
that she is now bent primarily on
the completion of her late husband's
favorite projects among the Indiana
people. These were not preten-
tious, but such as they were they
will be finished. The work of editing
many of Mr. Hendricks' speeches
and writings his widow will also do,
and in this she will have no supe-
rior. Throughout her entire life
she was the late Vice President's
most trusted advisor, knowing more
of many of his interests than he did
himself, and her own notes upon
his private paper would alone be
worth purchasing if published.—
Philadelphia Times.

Democracy as exemplified in the
organization which bears the
name, may not in all times and in
every feature of its operation har-
monize with the opinions of the
entire body of its followers. There
is, however, a beauty and strength
of principle at the foundation of the
party which enables any defect in
the super-structure easy of repair.
Faith in stability of the underlaying
support enables the party to tolerate
criticism, encourage experiment, and
regard disappointment with equani-
mity. A party having for its ba-
sis some fanciful idea of political
economy, originating in the brains
of visionaries and carrying no sem-
blance of practicality as a compa-
nion cannot, in the very nature of
the case, be permanent. All per-
turbances based upon a special grievance

real or imaginary. When the
organization is accomplished,
defeated, the party dies. The Demo-
cratic party for all times, for all
emergencies, and for all that is
wise and good in government. Its
faults are errors of judgment and
not of constitution. Its vigor and
health of principle speedily reme-
dies any derangement of the sys-
tem. It knows no class, save in
recognizing a claim to protection.
It spreads its beneficent influence
over the entire people. It is beau-
tiful because it is pure in principle,
and safe companionship because it
is just.—Capital.

The Democracy of Kentucky will
on Saturday next give primary ex-
pression to their wishes touching
the State Convention, which assem-
bles in Louisville on the 4th of May.
The canvass has not been in all re-
spects conducted as it should. Par-
tisan endeavors has led the respect-
ful friends of some of the guberna-
torial candidates into indiscretions
that were neither just, creditable, or
helpful. Any one of the candidates
for Governor is eminently worthy
of the confidence of the Democracy,
and would make a ruler of which
the people of all parties would have
no reason to be ashamed. They
are all true Democrats, of high
mental endowments, thoroughly
capable, and in closest sympathy
with the interests of the people and
with the progressive spirit that is
abroad in the land. Whatever may
be the result of the May convention,
it will be necessary in order to se-
cure honoring success in August,
that the nomination for all the offices
be so obtained as to secure the
hearty and cordial aid of the friends
of all the candidates. The claim of
every aspirant is entitled to the most
respectful hearing, and before the
convention should be accorded that
generous treatment which is charac-
teristic of representative
Democracy. When decision is
reached, it should be followed not
only by prompt acquiescence on the
part of the defeated and their
friends, but it should invite a co-
operation on their part that is both
immediate and pleasing. The can-
vass will be heated this summer.
The Republicans are making prepa-
rations for a fight that has not
hitherto been witnessed. Much of
their expectation is based upon
wholly imaginary dissensions in
the Democratic party, but which
will be found dreams conceived in
desperation and born of hallucina-
tions. The Democracy of Ken-
tucky are indivisible and invinci-
ble when marching under the party
flag to the music of its convention-
al pledges. Let every Democrat
give support to his favorite with
might and main, but let him re-
member that rivalries which are
both primary and inconclusive
should be tempered with the strict-
est justice, if not savory of extra-
vagant generosity.—Capital.

Who reads an advertisement?
Perhaps there is no part of a
newspaper that is so undervalued
as the advertising columns. Peo-
ple say, "Oh, who reads the adver-
tisement?" Everybody reads them,
dear reader. You read them, your
neighbor reads them. Not all of
them at one sitting. Only a little
of them in any one paper, perhaps,
but in the course of a year you read
a great deal that is in the adver-
tising columns, for "many a mickle
makes a buckle." The general
public is pretty well posted in the
advertising columns of the papers.
It is the houses that advertise
that flourish. If you don't believe
it look around you. Business men
understand this and hence, in live
towns the newspaper is considered
indispensable and is well sustain-
ed.—Leavenworth Times.

On this point of advertising the
Chicago Inter-Ocean speaks some
words of wisdom. It says:
"Business men in the thriving
cities do not overestimate the ben-
efits of judicious advertising. Ev-
ery good advertiser in a town is
more or less a benefactor to the
whole people. It is not an unfre-
quent occurrence for business men
to come to the Inter-Ocean ex-
change room or send for exchanges,
for the sole purpose of studying the
life and enterprise of the various
marts of trade, which they judge by
the advertising columns of the lo-
cal press. It is just such enter-
prising and business men who
have built up Chicago, and they
will benefit a community wherever
found. What we mean by judi-
cious advertising is not blow or
bluster, but facts, which save buy-
ers both time and money. In these
days a city without advertisers is
dead, and will stay dead, no matter
what its wealth and resources may
be."

A mass Convention of the
County of Lawrence county, Kentucky,
is hereby called to meet at the
Court House in Louisa on Satur-
day, April 23rd, at one o'clock p.m.
for the purpose of appointing dele-
gates to attend the State Conven-
tion, which will be held in the city
of Louisville on the 4th day of May,
1887, for the purpose of nominating
candidates for the various State of-
fices, to be voted for at the next Au-
gust election. All the Democrats
of Lawrence county are invited to
attend.
JAS. Q. LACKEY,
Ch'n Dem. Ex. Com. Lawrence co

ROYAL
BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A mar-
vel of purity, strength and wholesom-
ness. More economical than the ordi-
nary kinds, and cannot be sold in com-
petition with the multitude of low test,
weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold
only in cans. **ROYAL BAKING POWDER**
Co., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

BUCKLEN'S ARNICA SALVE!
The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises,
sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter,
chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all
eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay
required. It is guaranteed to give perfect sat-
isfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents
per box. For sale at R. F. Vinson's Drug
Store.

ALEX. LACKEY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
LOUISA, - KENTUCKY.

J. W. RICE,
Attorney at Law,
LOUISA, - KENTUCKY.
OFFICE IN COURT HOUSE.

Dr. H. O. Cease,
DENTIST
LOUISA, - KENTUCKY
Office—Old Hotel Building.

YOU
can live at home, and make more
money at work for us than at anything
else in this world. Capital not need-
ed; you are satisfied free. Both sexes,
all ages. Any one can do the
work. Large earnings, sure from first start.
Costly outfit and terms free. Better not delay.
Costs you nothing to send us your address and
find out; if you are wise you will do so at once.
H. HALLET & CO., Portland, Maine

THIS PAPER may be found on
file at GEO. J. ROWELL & CO'S
Newspaper Advertising Bureau (10 Spruce
St.), where advertis-
ing contracts may
be made for it in
NEW YORK.

MOTHER'S
FRIEND
MAKES
CHILD-BIRTH
EASY!
It is the house that advertise
that flourish. If you don't believe
it look around you. Business men
understand this and hence, in live
towns the newspaper is considered
indispensable and is well sustain-
ed.—Leavenworth Times.

Should be used a few months before confinement.
Send for book "The Mothers," mailed free.
BRADFORD HERBULEYON Co., Atlanta, Ga.

HARWOOD'S
CHAIR SEATS
Wanted in every family
To Replace Broken Cane.
RE-SEAT YOUR CHAIRS.
Anybody can apply
THEM.
No Mechanic needed.
SOLD BY
Furniture &
Hardware
TRADES.
In buying new Chairs, ask for those with
Harwood's Red Leather Finish Seats.
They never wear out.

LARGEST
THE BLAZING SUN
Outsplendoring
Most Positively the only

TWO UNPRECEDENTED, COMPLETE
EXHIBITIONS, FRANK
WEDNESDAY
The World's Greatest and Most Fan-

S. H. BARKER
New United Monster Shows!

GREAT 3-Ring CIRCUS!
Enormous Menagerie!
Huge Theater Stage!
World's Museum!
Classic Racing Carnival,
and JO-JO!

—An Unparalleled—
CENTRALIZATION of the WORLD'S ILLUSTRIOUS ARENIC METEORS!
200 Phenominal Champions! 80 Matchless and Dazzling Acts!
Glorious and Stupendous Foreign Acquisitions!
Donald McKenzie's Fame-Crowned Scotch Athletes! Nubar Hassan's Noted Arabian Circus! The Royal Yeddo
Japanese Circus! The Just Added European Vaudeville Combination!
3 Big Rings, A Magnificent Theatre Stage, and a Grand Racing Circuit, that Blaze with an Uninterrupted Succession
of Marvelous and Perilous Deeds!
Notably and Triumphantly Reinforced this Season with the old World's Most Startling Human Phenomenon, the Car's
Own Petted and Pampered Prodigy—
JO-JO THE DOG-FACED RUSSIAN BOY!

THE HUMAN
SKYE TERR
An Unsolved Mystery
solution of Two Continents
"Beyond all question, Jo-Jo is
the most extraordinary and ab-
sorbingly interesting curiosity
that has ever reached these
shores."—New York Herald
A Playful, Brown-Eyed, Dog-
Faced Boy—Covered with Silken
Hair from head to foot!—A
divine Intellect veiled be-
hind the visage of a Dog—Four
languages issuing from Canine
Pen Describe Him.

YOUR ONLY CHANCE TO SEE JO-JO!—He Comes No More.
By command of the Emperor he returns to St. Petersburg at an early day.
SOUL-STIRRING REVIVAL OF THE IMPERIAL ROMAN HIPPODROME!
45 English and Kentucky Thoroughbreds!—Professional Jockeys and Drivers!—Historically Correct Appointments!
Longest and Grandest Racing Circuit under Canvas!
Reproduction of Olympian Games! Thrilling Broadsword Combats on Horseback!
Vivid and Realistic Representations of Life in the "Wild West!"
Monster Gathering of Famous Scouts, Cowboys, Indians and Bucking Bronchos!
3 TIMES
THE
Most Stupendous
MENAGERIE
Ever Gathered and Exhibited Under
Tents!
Huge two-horned Black Rhinoceros, the
Sole Specimen on this Continent!—Only
Group of Lordly Giant Giraffes!—Dre-
less drop of almost Snow-white Camels!
Blood-exuding Hippopotamuses!—Only
Nursing Baby Elephant!—Living For-
midable Deep-sea Monsters!—Plumaged
Beauties from every clime on the face of
the Globe!—Fifty cages of Rabbits and
Costly Wild Beasts!

GREATEST, GRANDEST and
Best Trained Herd of Elephants Ex-

Including "Bismark" and "June," the Colossal, All-Overshadowing
Figures of their Race; and "Doc" and "Ben Butler," the relick-
Precocious Elephantine Clowns!

EVERY MORNING AT 10 O'CLOCK, passing through the Streets of the Cities where we are to Exhibit,
seen the Most Glorious Pageant that ever Delighted Human Vision! An Unfathomable Life of Gorgeous Pomp and
Splendor!—Unapproachable and Indescribable!—Worth Coming 100 miles to Witness!

ADMISSION To the Entire
Combined Shows, **AS USUAL.** Children under
Nine Years of Age, **Half Price**
NO EXTRA CHARGE TO SEE JO-JO!

TWO EXHIBITIONS DAILY. DOORS OPEN AT 1 AND 7 O'CLOCK P. M.
Performances Begin an Hour Later.
Cheap Excursions on all Railroads. See Station Agent for particulars.